



GOVERNMENT
OF MALTA



Calls for Proposals
2021-2027

Asylum Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF) 2021-2027

Guidance Notes on Indicators

Project Proposals under Asylum, Migration, and Integration Fund

(Call 16)

Specific Objective 2:

Strengthen and developing legal migration to the Member States in accordance with their economic and social needs, promoting and contributing to the effective integration and social inclusion of third country nationals.

Name of Call:

Education, TCNs & Support - promoting diversity, embracing ethnicity, providing support services to third country nationals in the educational sector and reducing language barriers in schools to facilitate integration among children.



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Overview

In line with monitoring and evaluation obligations established by Regulation (EU) 2021/1060 (CPR) and Regulation (EU) 2021/1147 (AMIF), the Programme for Malta for the period 2021-2027 – *Asylum Migration and Integration Fund*, is based on a number of output and result indicators which are to be reached by 2029 (target year) and/or end of operation.

What are indicators and why are they needed?

Simply put, indicators are a tool to measure:

- the progress experienced by a project (henceforth referred to as ‘operation’) during the course of its implementation;
- the final achievements and deliverables produced by an operation following its full implementation.

Indicators are an integral part of the Managing Authority’s (MA) monitoring process and reflect the evolving implementation that is taking place vis-à-vis the respective operations. Monitoring of outputs and direct results allows the MA to observe whether the intended effects of the Programme are being delivered, whether outcomes are being achieved and whether implementation is on track.

Within the context of EU funds, there are both output and result indicators. Output and result indicators are set for each, and every Specific Objective (SO) listed in the Programme. Output and result indicators are defined as follows:

- Output indicators relate to operations supported. An output is what is directly produced/supplied through the implementation of an operation. On the basis of Article 2(13) of the CPR, an output indicator refers to an indicator which measures the specific deliverables of the operation.
- Result indicators aim to track progress relevant to the objectives of the programme. Result indicators track changes sought which might be brought about by an operation. In line with Article 2(14) of the CPR, a result indicator refers to an indicator which measures the effects of the operations supported, with particular reference to the direct addressees, population targeted or users of infrastructure.

Every operation is obliged by the EU Regulations to achieve a number of output indicators, and to contribute to the Programme’s result indicators. In this context, applicants must ensure that the project has clearly identifiable and measurable targets that contribute to a minimum of one output indicator and/or one result indicator. The indicators are set in the Programme under the respective SO relative to the Call for Project Proposals.

Output Indicators

As previously defined, output indicators quantify the direct deliverables that can be measured following the implementation of a specific operation. Output indicators quantify what is produced directly from the operation, such as number of participants in training activities. Collectively, all the operations financed under a specific SO contribute to the attainment of the Programme's (output) indicator targets. The methodology for all common output indicators was established at EU level.

Steps to be considered by Applicants when choosing the output indicator/s for their operations during the planning:

1. Choose the output indicator/s that best matches the operation's expected outcome and deliverables. The indicator/s to be assigned to the operation will depend on the aims and objectives of the respective operation, and how such aims fit into the Programme. Each indicator has a code, a name, a measurement unit and a target. If the operation does not fit with any of the output indicators under the SO being targeted by this Call, the operation is probably not suitable for EU funding since it does not fit the objectives that the Programme wishes to achieve.
2. Take time to establish realistic targets that can be achieved upon full project implementation and/or by the end of year 2029. It is advisable that applicants neither 'over' nor 'under' set their indicator targets. Over-setting may create a situation where an operation does not reach its committed targets. On the other hand, under-setting will give a poor indication of the actual added value to be created by the operation, which may in certain cases affect the scores achieved by the operation during the Project Selection Committee. Documenting the methodology used to calculate the target setting will prove useful during the operation's implementation. Applicants are encouraged to include this information in the Application Form, under the relevant Indicator section.
3. Ensure that the output indicators being chosen are calculated using the measurement unit established within the Programme. The indicator code and indicator name cannot be modified.
4. Elaborate a clear and detailed methodology which will be adopted during the course of the operation's implementation to calculate the progress of the output indicator. Indeed, whilst the project will commit towards a target to be reached by the end of the operation and/or by the end of the 2029, data on the progress of the output indicator/s will be reported to the MA in a staggered approach during the course of the operation's implementation. Due to reporting requirements set by the European Commission, Beneficiaries are to expect a biannual reporting of the indicators, as a minimum. It is important that the methodology chosen to calculate and/or source the indicator/s is readily available or can be made available at the Beneficiary's own expense, as and whenever requested by the MA or other entities involved in the implementation or auditing of EU funds.

5. Lastly, identify the supporting documentation that will be provided to the MA and other entities working on monitoring and evaluation of EU funds during the course of implementation. Any indicator that is reported to the MA needs to be backed up by supporting documentation. Such documentation provides evidence of the indicator value reached (whether partially or in whole). Indicators reported without the necessary supporting documentation will not be considered by the MA during the implementation phase and Beneficiaries risk loss of funds and/or other repercussions. It is therefore imperative that documentation is available or can be made available at the Beneficiary's own expense and is to accompany each indicator reported.

Applicants are to note that Steps 1 to 5 are to be followed for the indicator chosen. The indicator needs to have a clear and separate methodology explaining its target setting; methodology detailing its achievement during the course of implementation; and the supporting documentation to be provided as proof of the indicator value being reported.

Result Indicators

Result indicators measure the direct impact/change resulting from the interventions being funded through the Programme vis-à-vis the national context. Whilst output indicators are a measure of what was 'created' as a direct result of the intervention, result indicators focus more on the overall effects of the operations. Result indicators therefore tend to measure broader and more macro issues, such as the number of returnees who were removed. Similar to output indicators, the methodology for all result indicators was established at EU level.

Result indicators are therefore similarly linked to the implementation of operations and are to be achieved by the end of the operation and/or by the end of the 2029. Applications need to identify one result indicator as part of the project Application Form. To this end, Steps 1 to 5, that have been presented in the section 'output indicators' apply equally to the result indicators, with the following exceptions:

- a. Unlike output indicators, if the operation does not fit with any of the result indicators under the SO being targeted by this Call, the operation may still possibly be suitable for EU funding (depending on if it fits with the objectives that the Programme wishes to achieve).
- b. Result indicators include a reference year. The baseline is set at zero since result indicators have to always be linked to the support of the Fund and therefore contextual information about the situation prior to the Programme is not relevant. The methodology for result indicators has been prescribed by MA in line with the European Commission's Indicator Fiches. However, beneficiaries are instructed to provide an explanation of the methodology used to determine the calculations to measure their indicator achievements.

Depending on the indicator and its methodology, the achieved values for result indicators will be collected either:

- 1) during implementation; 2) upon completion of the operation; or 3) within 12 months after the completion of the operation.

Understanding the Indicator Targets Set in the Programme

Whilst each respective operation will be expected to contribute to an output and/or a result indicator/s on an individual basis, the Programme indicator targets reflect the cumulative target to be achieved by the various operations financed under a particular SO. For both output and result indicators, the MA thus aggregates the indicator values achieved by each operation in order to then achieve the Programme's targets.

In this regard, Beneficiaries have a collective responsibility in ensuring that the committed targets for their respective operations are achieved, for Malta to successfully reach the Programme's indicator targets.

List of Indicators by relevant Specific Objective

(Applicants are expected to choose at least one output indicator and/or result indicator from the following list. Target values are at Programme level, i.e. each operation needs to contribute a fraction of that target. Exceptions apply in instances where only one operation is to be funded under a SO, in which case the operation will be expected to meet the full OP target).

Specific Objective 2					
Specific Objective	SO 2 - strengthening and developing legal migration to the Member States in accordance with their economic and social needs, promoting and contributing to the effective integration and social inclusion of third country nationals				
Indicator Type, Code & Name	Measurement Unit	Baseline Value <i>only for Result indicators</i>	Baseline Year <i>only for Result indicators</i>	Milestone (2024) <i>only for Output indicators</i>	Target (2029)
Output indicator: O.2.3 Number of participants supported *	number			5,062	10,025
Output indicator: O.2.3.3 Of which number of participants who received personal professional guidance	number			118	333

Output indicator: O.2.7 Number of integration projects where local and regional authorities are the beneficiary	number			0	9
Result Indicator: R.2.9 Number of participants who report that the activity was helpful for their integration	number	share	2021		8,020

** The indicator can be further extended to target the number of participants for e.g. in language course. Such information shall be included in the application form, out of the total number of participants supported through the fund.*

Indicator Definitions and examples of supporting documentation.

Output Indicators:

O.2.3 Number of participants supported:

Participant means a natural person benefiting directly from an operation (project) without being responsible for initiating or both initiating and implementing the operation (project) as set out in Art. 2(40) CPR.

For the purpose of this indicator, a participant is a third country national. Support to participants includes, without being limited to, the following:

- Language course,
- Civic orientation course,
- Social orientation guidance including mentoring,
- Support to access basic services like health/housing e.g. through interpretation
- Personal professional guidance,
- Support to get qualification or skills acquired in a third country to be recognised or assessed,
- Support to apply for long-term status,
- Legal counselling.

The methodology applied is based on a roll-out of similar measures over an estimated period of years taking into consideration past experience and participation of third country nationals.

Examples of supporting documentation to verify the fulfilment of this indicator (non-exhaustive list) include:

- Attendance Sheets
- Certificates
- Training Programme
- Registration forms
- Other relevant documentation

O.2.3.3 Of which number of participants who received personal professional guidance:

Participant means a natural person benefiting directly from an operation (project) without being responsible for initiating or both initiating and implementing the operation (project) as set out in Art. 2(40) CPR.

For the purpose of this indicator, a participant is a third country national.

Professional guidance means advice or counselling provided in view of the professional development of the participant. Personalised guidance means support tailored to the needs of the participant provided if possible as individual support or in small groups. A participant has to be provided with a personalised guidance given by a professional in a specific field. Examples: skills assessments, coaching, mentoring.

Examples of supporting documentation to verify the fulfilment of this indicator (non-exhaustive list) include:

- Attendance sheets
- Reports compiled by professionals
- Other relevant documentation

O.2.7 Number of integration projects where local and regional authorities are the beneficiary

Integration project means a project fostering the social and economic inclusion of third country nationals. Local and regional authority means a governmental institution that is not part of the central/federal administration/government.

Beneficiary in the meaning of Article 2 CPR is a public or private body, an entity with or without legal personality or a natural person, responsible for initiating or both initiating and implementing operations. Only local or regional authorities that are project beneficiaries are reported under this indicator.

Result Indicators:

R.2.9 Number of participants who report that the activity was helpful for their integration

Participant means a natural person benefiting directly from an operation (project) without being responsible for initiating or both initiating and implementing the operation (project) as set out in Art. 2(40) CPR. For the purpose of this indicator, a participant means a third country national.

The indicator reports on the participants' situation as perceived by the third-country national who received support from a project financed under the AMIF. A participant needs to indicate at least two out of the

following five areas where the activity was helpful: (1) labour market integration, (2) acquisition of language of the host country, (3) relations with local population/community and active participation in the society, (4) housing, (5) health. Even if a participant received one type of support, it can influence more than one area. For example, participation in a language course can have an impact on the labour market integration and on relations with local community; personalised professional guidance can have an impact on the acquisition of housing and on relations with local community.

Relations with local population/community and active participation in the society covers e.g. involvement in local /NGO activities, involvement of parents in (after)school activities, volunteer work for the benefit of the host society, membership in sport clubs, participation of children in youth organisations.

The baseline was set at zero, whereas the methodology applied for calculating the target was based on the participation rate of the one similar activity financed under the AMIF 2014 –2020 NP involving the participation of TCNs held in 2019, which is equivalent to 100%. However, for the purpose of this indicator, a 20% risk factor is being applied to cater for additional assumptions attributed to this indicator notably the increased number of participants that will be targeted through the projects, the increased number of projects and increased allocation of funds which contributes to a higher risk factor on the associated output increase (0.2.3).

Examples of supporting documentation to verify the attainment of this indicator (non-exhaustive list) may include:

- Evaluation sheets

Other Notes

When compiling and gathering data for the indicators, the necessary audit trail should always be in place. Applicants should note that failure to deliver on the agreed indicators could result in EU Funds being withdrawn and/or reimbursed in part or in whole by the Beneficiary.

For the purpose of data collection, data related with the above indicators should be segregated in the following groups:

Age:

- of which age < 18
- of which age between 18 and 60
- of which age > 60

Gender:

- of which male
- of which female
- of which non-binary