

Cohort Study on Training Co-Financed by the European Social Fund

Summary of Results

Wave One (Pilot Study)

General Information



- The first wave covered the period between 1st February 2011 and 31st July 2011
- A total of 6,197 persons were eligible to participate in the survey and these were distributed as shown in Tables 1 and 2



General Information

Table 1. Distribution of trainees by gender and age group

Age Group	Male	Female
15-24	26.1%	32.1%
25-54	61.6%	59.8%
55-64	11.9%	7.7%
65 +	0.4	0.4

General Information

Table 2. Distribution of trainees by gender and district of residence

District	Male	Female
Malta	92%	88.4%
Gozo	8.0%	11.6%

- Amongst the respondents there were 5.92% persons with a disability, 0.79% migrants and 1.34% 'other disadvantaged persons'

Labour Status: Before And After Training

- On average, 25% of all respondents felt that there was a change for the better

Unemployed and Inactive Persons

- 24.7% of the persons who were unemployed when they applied for training, were employed at the time when the survey was conducted
- 87.7% of the inactive persons, had their employment status changed for the better once they received training

Labour Status: Before And After Training

Gender

- A slightly higher proportion of females stated that their employment status changed for the better

Age

- A higher percentage of persons falling within the 15 to 24 age bracket recorded a better change in their employment status

Region

- A slightly higher percentage of persons residing in Malta registered a better change in their employment status

Perceived Contribution of ESF Training: Short-term

- Two out of every three persons stated that ESF contributed towards a change in their labour status

Gender

- 79.6% females and 62.2% males felt that ESF training was causative of a change in their status in the labour market

Age

- The largest percentage of persons who felt that ESF training contributed positively to a change in their labour status were persons aged between 15 to 24, which amounted to 84.3%

Perceived Contribution of ESF Training: Short-term

- 40.8% felt that ESF contributed towards maintaining and/or enhancing the respondents' employability
- 16.9% of the disabled persons found ESF training as contributing towards the enhancement of their employability
- Data shows an increase of 15.7% in employment amongst respondents, a decrease of 6.6% in unemployment and a 9.1% decrease in inactivity

Perceived Contribution of ESF Training: Long-term

- 83.7% of respondents think that the training they gained through ESF will help them in the future

Gender

- This was particularly true for 91% females compared to 80.3% males

Age

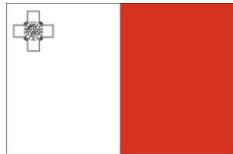
- 90% of the younger participants (15 to 24 age bracket) think that ESF will help them in the future

Perceived Contribution of ESF Training: Long-term

- Contribution of the training in the future is also recognised by 65.4% of vulnerable persons
- 63.3% of those participants who think that ESF did not improve or enhance their current employment status think that the training would be relevant in the future



Thank you!



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